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STATE CAPITAL

THE W. & W. RAILROAD PROPOSITION AND THE PETERSBURG CHARTER.—DAMAGES FOR STOCK KILLED BY RAILROADS.—A BILL TO RESTORE LOCAL LEGISLATION.—SIX PER CENT. INTEREST IN THE HOUSE—A. & M. COLLEGE.

"Who Will Be Railroad Commissioners" Still the Great Interrogation Point.

THE LAST WEEK, A GREAT RUSH OF BUSINESS AND MANY IMPORTANT MEASURES.

SENATE CHAMBER, N. C.,
RALEIGH, March 5, '91.
[Editorial Correspondence.]

This is the last week of the General Assembly of 1891, and two of the most important matters before it are yet to be settled. First is the proposition of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company to make a qualified surrender of its claimed exemption from taxation by way of barter to the State for certain additional extraordinary franchises and privileges. The proposition was discussed at length by us last summer through these columns and during the campaign on the stump. So the readers of THE CAUCASIAN are familiar with our position on the matter. They now come before the Legislature with an amended proposition, offering, after ten years, to allow their property (road bed of main line) to be assessed for taxation at $12,000 per mile and branch roads at $8,000 per mile. This does not effect the situation at all. It simply means that they offer a little more HUSH MONEY. The people are contending for the PRINCIPLE OF EQUAL TAXATION, and this second offer is simply a little larger cash offer (not to say bribe) to induce us to surrender the principle for which we have been contending. Some of the best men in the State favor the proposition, but for one we will never consent to any proposition but an unqualified surrender, so that the company's property shall stand before the law for taxation on the same footing as the property of the humblest citizen of the State. The committee appointed to consider this proposition has recommended, by a majority vote, that it be accepted. They think it best, we do not—the matter will be strongly contested on the floor of both Houses.

Second, is the selection of Railroad Commissioners. As we said last week this is a more important matter than the former, or even the passage of the bill; for if any mistake is made, it were better that no bill had passed. There are so many candidates, yet so few qualified for the position that we tremble for the result. A caucus will be held to-night to nominate the Commissioners. They will be elected Thursday. We will telegraph the result of the caucus to-morrow.

A bill has passed the Legislature requiring scientific knowledge of the nature and effect of alcohol and narcotics upon the human system to be taught in the public schools. Prohibition laws are a failure, but method goes to the root of the question and is the only rational way to deal with the subject.

Senator Bryan's bill to require the school fund of the entire State to be divided on a per capita basis failed to pass. He claims that the present plan is unconstitutional.

The Stock Law clause was stricken from the Railroad Commission bill, but we have introduced a supplemental bill to regulate the damages for stock killed by railroads, which we think will give the needed relief. The bill should, and we think will, become a law.

Bills incorporating the towns of Roseboro, Parksburg and Autryville have passed.

The committee on redistricting the State according to the census of 1890, has reported. The 14th district is composed of the counties of Sampson, Harnett and Bladen with two Senators. This leaves Sampson with one Senator, and Bladen and Harnett with one every other time as formerly. This arrangement was agreeable to all parties. Each of these counties have a Senator this time. Senator Green representing Harnett and Senator Allen representing Bladen. They both reflect credit upon their counties. There are no better or safer men in this body, Wayne, Duplin and Pender form one Senatorial district with two Senators. New Hanover and Brunswick form a Senatorial district with one Senator and Senator Culbreth, of Columbus, is chairman of this important committee and he has discharged his duty so carefully and faithfully that under the arrangement of his committee there are only two certain Republican districts in the State.

We have introduced a bill to raise a Commission to provide a scheme by which purely local legislation can be settled in the respective counties before the county commissioners and clerks of the Courts. One half of the measures that have been before this legislature have been purely local and have no business before the General Assembly. This body should pass general laws from time to time regulating or providing for regulating local question, but it should not deal specifically with such questions, which now take up the bulk of time and attention of members of the Legislature to the exclusion of important and weighty general questions which should demand careful and thoughtful investigation and consideration. This is in our opinion an important and necessary step, and if not now must sooner or later be done.

We have also introduced a bill to amend the public school law so as to "increase the school terms without additional taxation." This is to be done by lessening the expense of the machinery of running the school system.

A bill to appropriate $15,000 to the Agricultural and Mechanical College has passed the Senate and is now before the House. Some appropriation is absolutely necessary if this institution is to be equipped for completing the courses of Agricultural and Mechanical training.

Instead of appropriating money for the World's Fair at Chicago, the Senate has compromised by providing for reviving the State Geological Survey, which will be a constant advancement for the State, and will draw more capital here to develop our resources than an exhibit at an exposition that would cost ten times the amount.

There is a movement on foot to extend the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad from Goldsboro to Fayetteville and probably on to Charlotte. If this is done Sampson will have another railroad. It will cross Newton Grove, Westbrook's and Mingo townships. It ought to be built. The road would then pay.

NOTES.

Many of the members of the Legislature ran down to the New Berne Fair last week. They say it is one of the best fairs in the State. The fish and oyster display was quite a novelty to the Western members.

Messrs. W. K. Pigford, R. R. Bell, D. B. Nicholson, B. S. Peterson and this writer from Sampson, Mr. R. C. Johnson, of Pender, and others, were invited out to the A. & M. College Sunday for dinner. With five Sampsonians there as visitors, four Sampson boys there as students and with the genial and excellent matron, Mrs. Carroll, also from Sampson, we felt very much like we were at home in a Sampson institution.

Rep. Pigford has introduced a bill providing for fifty convicts for the draining of certain swamp lands in Sampson.

Rep. Bell has introduced a bill to amend the Road Law (sec. 2043 of Code), with reference to Supervisors, that he says will save Sampson alone from $175 to $200 a year.

THE HOUSE.

The House has had no busier week than the past, and yet it has done so little of general interest that it is difficult to say much about its proceedings. Its time has been occupied in the main in creating charters for various sorts of companies, passing special tax laws for various counties, &c.

Our readers will remember that early in the session a bill was passed preventing dredging for oysters for three months. Several bills have been introduced to permanently regulate catching oysters—some allowing limited dredging and one preventing it altogether. After a hard fight the latter passed the House and is now pending in the Senate.

This week will be one of work to the full endurance. Both Houses have agreed that they will adjourn on Monday, the 9th, at 12 m. The amount of important business to be transacted is enormous. It will have to be done in great haste, and if it is all done satisfactorily it will be a wonder.

The rate of State taxation will be the same for the next two years as for the past two—25 cents on property and 75 cents on the poll.

The Senate has passed a bill allowing the Agricultural and Mechanical College $15,000 and it is now pending in the House. It ought to pass. If it does not the work of the institution will be greatly crippled.

[Continued on Second Page.]

DUNRAVEN RANCH

A Story of American Frontier Life.

By Capt. CHARLES KING, U. S. A.,
Author of "The Colonel's Daughter," "From the Ranks," "The Deserter," Etc.

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CHAPTER XV.

WO days passed without event of any kind. Socially speaking, the garrison was enlivened by the advent of Mrs. Page, and everybody flocked to the Belknaps' quarters in order to do her proper homage. When Perry called he asked Parke to go with him, and when the latter seemed ready to leave the former, disregarding a very palpable hint from the lady of the house, picked up his forage cap and went likewise. For two days the one subject under constant discussion at the post was the event of Miss Maitland's sudden appearance, her perilous run and her daring and skillful rescue. Everybody maintained that Perry ought to be a very proud and happy fellow to have been the hero of such an occasion; but it was very plain that Perry was neither proud nor anything like happy. No one had ever known him so silent and cast down. The talk with Lawrence had helped matters very little.

In brief, this was about all the captain could tell him, and it was all hearsay evidence at best. The officers of the Eleventh and their ladies had, with a few exceptions, taken a dislike to Dr. Quin before Belknap and Lawrence with their companies of infantry had been ordered to Fort Rossiter. The feeling was in full blast when they arrived, and during the six or eight months they served there together the infantry people heard only one side of the story—that of the Eleventh—for the doctor never condescended to discuss the matter. After he was forbidden to leave the post by his commanding officer, and after the announcement of the "blockade" of Dunraven, it was observed that signals were sometimes made from the ranch at night: a strong light thrown from a reflector was flashed three times and then withdrawn. Next it was noted, by an enterprising member of the guard, that these signals were answered by a light in the doctor's windows, then that he mounted his horse and rode away down the valley of the Monee. He was always back at sick call; and, if any one told the commanding officer of his disobedience of orders, it was not done until so near the departure of the Eleventh that the doctor was not afterwards actually caught in the act. Things would undoubtedly have been brought to a crisis had the Eleventh been allowed to remain.

Now as to the story about Mrs. Quin and her going. It was observed during the winter that she was looking very badly, and the story went the rounds in the Eleventh that she was stung and suffering because of her husband's conduct. Unquestionably there was some fair enchantress at Dunraven who lured him from his own fireside. She had no intimates among the ladies. She was proud and silent. It did not seem to occur to them that she was resentful of their dislike of her husband. They were sure she was "pining" because of his neglect—or worse. When, therefore, without word of warning, she suddenly took her departure in the spring, there was a gasp of gossip loving cronies in the garrison; all doubts were at an end; she had left him and taken her children with her.

"The more I think of it," said Lawrence, "the more I believe the whole thing capable of explanation. The only thing that puzzles me now is that Quin hides anything from your colonel, who is one of the most courteous and considerate men I ever served with. Perhaps he has told him by this time; we don't know. Perhaps he thought he might be of the same stamp as his predecessor, and was waiting to find out before he made his confidences. As to Mrs. Quin's going away when she did, it may have been simply that her health was suffering, she needed change, and went with his full advice and by his wish, and he simply feels too much contempt for garrison gossip to explain. Very probably he knows nothing of the stories and theories in circulation; I'm sure I did not until a very few weeks ago. You know, Perry, there are some men in garrison who hear and know everything, and others who never hear a word of scandal."

But Perry was low in his mind. He could not forget Quin's sudden appearance; his calling her Gladys; and then he hated the thought that it was Quin who saw him having that confounded tender interview with Mrs. Belknap. Was there ever such a streak of ill luck as that? No doubt the fellow had told her about it! Perry left Lawrence's that night very little comforted, and only one gleam of hope did he receive in the two days that followed. Mrs. Sprague joyfully beckoned him on Wednesday afternoon to read him a little note that had just come from Miss Maitland. Her father had been very ill, she wrote; his condition was still critical; but she sent a world of thanks to her kind entertainers at Rossiter, and these words: "I was sorry not to be able to see Mr. Perry again. Do not let him think I have forgotten, or will be likely to forget, the service he—and Nolan—did me."

Of Dr. Quin he saw very little. With the full consent and knowledge of Col. Brainard, the doctor was spending a good deal of time at Dunraven now, attending to Mr. Maitland. Indeed, there seemed to be an excellent understanding between the commandant and his medical officer, and it was known that they had had a long talk together. Upper circles in the garrison were still agitated with chat and conjecture about Gladys Maitland and her strange father; Perry was still tortured with questions about his one visit to Dunraven whenever he was so incautious as to appear in public; but all through "the quarters," everywhere among the rank and file, there was a subject that engrossed all thoughts and tongues, and that was discussed with feeling that seemed to deepen with every day—the approaching court martial of Sergt. Leary and of Trooper Kelly.

As a result of his investigation, Capt. Stryker had preferred charges against these two men—the one for leading and the other for being accessory to the assault on his stable sergeant. Gwynne was still at the hospital, though rapidly recovering from his injuries. Not a word had he said that would implicate or accuse any man; but Stryker's knowledge of his soldiers, and his clear insight into human motive and character, were such that he had readily made up his mind as to the facts in the case. He felt sure that Leary and some of the Celtic members of his company had determined to go down to Dunraven and "have it out" with the hated Britons who had so affronted and abused them the night of Perry's visit. They knew they could not get their horses by fair means, for Gwynne was above suspicion. He was English, too, and striving to shield his countrymen from the threatened vengeance. They therefore determined, in collusion with Kelly, to lure him outside the stables, bind and gag him, get their horses, having once rifled Gwynne of the keys, ride down to the ranch, and, after having a Donnybrook fair on the premises, get back to Rossiter in plenty of time for reveille and stables. No sentries were posted in such a way as to interfere with them, and the plan was feasible enough but for one thing. Gwynne had made most gallant and spirited resistance, had fought the whole gang like a tiger, and they had been unable to overpower him before the noise had attracted the attention of the sergeant of the guard and some of the men in quarters. An effort, of course, was made to show that the assaulting party were from without, but it was futile, and Stryker's cross-questioning among the men had convinced them that he knew all about the matter. There was only one conclusion, therefore, that Gwynne must have "given them away," as the troopers expressed it.

Despite the fact that he had been assaulted and badly beaten, this was something that few could overlook, and the latent jealousy against the "cockney sergeant" blazed into a feeling of deep resentment. Garrison sympathy was with Leary and his fellows.

Thursday came, and Sergt. Gwynne returned to light duty, though his face was still bruised and discolored and he wore a patch over one eye. He resumed charge of the stables in the afternoon, after a brief conversation with his captain, and was superintending the issue of forage, when Perry entered to inspect the stalls of his platoon. Nolan was being led out by his groom at the moment, and pricked up his tapering ears at sight of his master and thrust his lean muzzle to receive the caress of the hand he knew so well. Perry stopped him and carefully and critically examined his knees, feeling down to the fetlocks with searching fingers for the faintest symptom of knot or swelling in the tendons that had played their part so thoroughly in the drama of Monday. Satisfied, apparently, he rose and bestowed a few hearty pats on the glossy neck and shoulder, and then was surprised to find the stable sergeant standing close beside him and regarding both him and horse with an expression that arrested Perry's attention at once.

"Feeling all right again, sergeant?" he asked, thinking to recall the non-commissioned officer to his senses.

"Almost, sir. I'm a trifle stiff yet. Anything wrong with Nolan, sir?"

"Nothing. I gave him rather a tough run the other day—had to risk the prairie dog holes—and, though I felt no jar then, I've watched carefully ever since to see that he was not wrenched. I wish you would keep an eye on him too, will you?"

There was no answer. Perry had been looking over Nolan's haunches as he spoke, and once more turned to the sergeant. To his astonishment, Gwynne's lips were twitching and quivering, his hands, ordinarily held in the rigid pose of the English service—extended along the thigh—were clinching and working nervously, and something suspiciously like a tear was creeping out from under the patch. Before Perry could recover from his surprise the sergeant suddenly regained his self control, hastily raised his hand in salute, saying something half articulate in reply, and turned sharply away, leaving his lieutenant gazing after him in much perplexity.

That night, just after tattoo roll call, when a little group of officers was gathered at the colonel's gate, they were suddenly joined by Dr. Quin, who came from the direction of the stable where he kept his horse in rear of his own quarters. Col. Brainard greeted him warmly and inquired after his patient at Dunraven. Every one noted how grave and subdued was the tone in which the doctor answered:

"He is a very sick man, colonel, and it is hard to say what will be the result of this seizure."

"You may want to go down again, doctor, if that be the case—before sick call to-morrow, I mean; and you had better take one of my horses. I'll tell my man to have one in readiness."

"You are very kind, sir. I think old Brian will do all the work needed. But I would like to go down at reveille, as we have no men in hospital at all now. And, by the way, is Mr. Perry here?"

"I am here," answered Perry coldly. He was leaning against the railing, rather away from the group, listening intently, yet unwilling to meet or hold conversation with the man he conceived to be so inimical to his every hope and interest.

"Mr. Perry," said the doctor, pleasantly, and utterly ignoring the coldness of the young fellow's manner, "Mr. Maitland has asked to see you; and it would gratify him if you would ride down in the morning."

Even in the darkness Perry feared that all would see the flush that leaped to his face. Summoned to Dunraven Ranch, by her father, with a possibility of seeing her! It was almost too sweet! too thrilling! He could give no reply for a moment, and an awkward silence fell on the group until he chokingly answered. "I shall be glad to go. What time?"

"Better ride down early. Never mind breakfast. Miss Maitland will be glad to give you a cup of coffee, I fancy."

And Perry felt as though the fence had taken to waltzing. He made no answer, striving to regain his composure, and then the talk went on. It was Stryker who was talking now:

"Has the ring been found, doctor?"

"No! That is a most singular thing, and one that worries the old gentleman a great deal. It had a history; it belonged to Mrs. Maitland's father, who was from Ireland—indeed, Ireland was her country, as it was my father's—and that ring she had reset for her son Archie and gave it to him when he entered service with the Lancers. It was sent home with his watch and other property from South Africa—for he died there—and old Maitland always wore it afterwards. Archie was the last of three sons; and it broke his heart."

"And the ring was lost the night of Perry's adventure there?" asked the colonel.

"Yes. Mr. Perry remembers having seen it on his hand when the old gentleman first came down to receive him. It was missed afterwards, and could easily have slipped off at any time, for his fingers were withered with age and ill health. They have searched everywhere, and could find nothing of it. It could easily have rolled off the veranda on to the grass during his excitement at the time of the row, and somebody may have picked it up—either among the ranch men or among the troopers."

"I hate to think that any of our men would take it," said the colonel after a pause.

"I do not think any of them would, with the idea of selling it," said Stryker; "but here is a case where it was picked up, possibly, as one of the spoils of war. I have had inquiry made throughout the troop, but with no result so far. Do you go down again to-night, doctor?"

"Not if I can avoid it. I am going now to try and sleep, and will not ride down till daybreak unless signaled for. Good night, colonel; good night, all."

Unless signaled for! Instinctively Perry edged closer to Lawrence, who had stood a silent listener to the conversation, and Lawrence turned and saw him and knew the thought that must be uppermost in his mind. There was a moment of perfect silence, and then Lawrence spoke:

"Does anybody know what the signal is?"

"Certainly," said Col. Brainard, promptly. "He has explained the whole thing to me. Those were signals for him that we saw the night you were all on my gallery. It was an arrangement devised by their old nurse—she who came up with the carriage for Miss Maitland the other day. She had a regular old fashioned headlight and reflector, and, when Mr. Maitland was so ill as to need a doctor, used to notify Quin in that way. He sometimes failed to see it, and I have given orders today that the guard should wake him when it is seen hereafter."

"Then that was what those mysterious night lights meant that we have heard so much about during the last three weeks?" asked Mr. Dana.

"Certainly," answered Brainard. "What on earth did anybody suppose they meant?"

To this there was no response for a moment. Then Lawrence burst out laughing.

[Continued next week.]

LOVER'S DEBTS AND CREDITS.

They Quarrelled—He Wanted to Know Who Would Pay for the Creams—She Asked for His Whole Bill—She Got It and Paid It.

(Boston Beacon.)

They had been to the circus, where they indulged in peanuts and lemonade. Then they went to have some ice cream. She was very tired, and managed to quarrel with him.

"How, is this the end?" he asked.

"It is, and I shall never speak to you again."

"And last Sunday you said that you loved me."

"I did then; I don't now."

"Well, who's to pay for all the ice-cream?"

"You horrid miser! You pay, and then you may send me a bill, and if I owe you a thing I'll pay up."

He paid it and left. The next day she received an itemized statement:

MISS EVELYN JACKSON TO MOSES FAITHFUL BROWN.

	Dr.
To—20 carriage rides,	$ 60 00
30 oyster stews,	7 50
25 dinners at church,	25 00
30 theatre tickets,	45 00
1 suit of clothes,	55 00
80 shaves and shines,	20 00
250 promises not kept,	2 50
1 breaking my heart,	1,500 00
Raising hopes,	5,000 00
Sending me off last night,	25
	$6,710 25
Cr.	
By—Quenching hopes,	$ 1 50
3 evenings with other men,	3 00
3 healing blighted affections,	1 50
First kiss,	4,000 00
Kisses and sundries,	2,700 00
Love letters,	4 00
	$6,710 00
Balance due,	25

Will call to-morrow night and collect.

When he called she said: "Come into the parlor, Moses, and I'll pay you." A minute later she contracted new debts entered as sundries, and half an hour later they ate ice cream together and made plans for the future. No cards.

You are in a Bad Fix
But we will cure you if you will pay us. Our message is to the weak, nervous and debilitated, who, by early evil habits, or later indiscretions, have trifled away their vigor of body, mind and manhood, and suffer all those effects which lead to premature decay, consumption or insanity. If this means you, send for and read our BOOK OF LIFE, written by the greatest Specialist of the day, and sent (sealed) for 6 cents in stamps. Address Dr. Parker's Medical and Surgical Institute, 151 North Spruce St., Nashville, Tenn.

A Tempest in a Tea Pot.

THE LONG AND THE SHORT OF THE PUBLIC PRINTING MATTER.

[Editorial Correspondence.]
RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 26, 1891.

It may be that some of our readers have heard of the noise made in the city of Raleigh over the election of State Printer and awarding the contract.

We understand that blank petitions, accompanied by a one-sided statement of the matter, are being sent all over the State. To set the whole matter right before the people we publish the following article, giving the facts in the case.

For four years or more Capt. S. A. Ashe, editor of the News and Observer, was State Printer. He received the same prices for the work that are now paid. With the administration of President Cleveland Capt. Ashe was appointed Postmaster at Raleigh. In 1887 Mr. Josephus Daniels, editor of the State Chronicle, defeated Mr. Ashe before the Democratic caucus for State Printer. Two years ago Capt. Ashe was again a candidate and was defeated by an overwhelming vote.

By reason of the recognized opposition of the News and Observer to those measures that caused the farmers of North Carolina to control the present Legislature, it was perfectly plain to Capt. Ashe that he would stand no chance before its members for election to his old coveted place of State Printer. And for this reason, and only this, as is believed by those familiar with it all, Capt. Ashe offered to take the State printing contract for 15 per cent. less than the present prices. Therefore his offer to do the work cheaper was not a bona fide one. If he had thought that the work would be awarded him, he would not have made such an offer. He knew that Mr. Daniels would be elected State Printer, and he wished to force the Legislature to put the price so low that Mr. Daniels could not do it. But some one will ask, why did not the Legislature take up Capt. Ashe on his proposition and force him to do the work at a loss? Because, if Capt. Ashe had been elected State Printer he would have claimed that his paper, The News and Observer, was endorsed by the Legislature as the organ of the Democratic party. Yes, that a farmers' Legislature had endorsed a corporation paper, and Capt. Ashe would have been willing to have done the work at a loss to have secured this point for his paper and the corporations of the State. Besides it appeared that the animus of the effort was to damage a paper that has stood up for and advocated the rights of the people. Notwithstanding all this, we have investigated the matter from a business standpoint to see if the printing was done with due economy, and we have been thoroughly satisfied that the State of North Carolina was getting its printing and binding done at rates as low as they ought to be. Talking with mechanics who do the work, we felt certain that any reduction in the present prices would work a hardship upon them. For it is a fact, that wherever there has been a reduction in the prices paid by the State there has been a reduction in the wages of the workmen.

It has been charged by the News and Observer and statement sent out by that paper in blank petitions that Mr. Daniels received a bonus of 20 per cent. from Edwards & Broughton who do the work; but this we have been informed by Mr. Daniels and by Messrs. Edwards & Broughton is not true. The contractors also tell us that Mr. Daniels does give a great deal of attention to the work, and that there is no reason for believing that the State could do better in its contract if the work was given direct to some of the job offices as has been claimed.

It is part of the history of this public printing that in 1872 Maj. Wm. A. Hearne, then publishing the Carolinian in Raleigh, in his desire to defeat Hon. Josiah Turner for Public Printer, offered to the Legislature to take the contract for about 15 per cent. less than Mr. Turner was receiving, but the Legislature did not join in Maj. Hearne's effort to overcome a competitor by such unfair means, and through Capt. S. A. Ashe, who was then the Representative from New Hanover, gave the contract to Mr. Turner at the old price.

By the way it will interest our readers to know that just after the war under Republican rule the price paid for the State Printing was $1.00 per 1,000 ems for the composition. When the Democrats came into power it was reduced first to 87½ cents, then to 66⅔ cents, and later to 40 cts. per thousand ems as now paid. The prices paid the printers, who set up the type at the respective times were 50 cents, 40 cents, and 33⅓ cents per thousand ems. It can readily be seen how rapidly and severely the profits of the contractor were cut away.

While there was a margin of fifty cents to the contractor in the composition under Republican rule there is only 7½ cents now. When Mr. Turner was printer the margin was 16⅔ cents, which contract Capt. Ashe approved. With this personal record in the printing matter and with the position of his paper for the last few years toward the people, the Alliance, their rights and their measures to reform it will be difficult for Captain Ashe to make any one believe that he has created all this ado out of any spirit of economy or interest for the tax-payers of the State. Let no one be deceived by the statements and petitions sent out. The Democratic members of the Legislature have given a hearing to all sides, and with all the facts before them voted unanimously that the present price paid for the printing is low enough.

On Saturday there was a great scene in the House, and the Republicans made a strong attempt to make political capital out of the public printing question. The Democrats presented an unbroken front. On the day previous Mr. Pritchard, the Republican leader, had called up a resolution to let out the public printing to the lowest bidder. Mr. McGill moved to lay that motion on the table. Carried. Mr. Pritchard voted in the affirmative, and then moved to reconsider, then proceeded to make a political harangue. The Speaker ruled that he was out of order, and that the motion was not debateable. This was a clear and plain and unquestioned fair parliamentary ruling, and yet on the next day Mr. Pritchard offered a protest which contained an attack upon Speaker Doughton's ruling, and also a base attack upon Mr. W. E. Stevens, of Sampson, and Senator Aycock, of Wayne, who were on the Printing Committee two years ago. The House amended the protest, leaving out all portions reflecting upon all those gentlemen and excluding an anonymous communication which had no place on the Journal. During the debate which was animated these facts were elicited:

1. That the State Printing in North Carolina is done at a less price than in any other State in the Union.

2. That it is 150 per cent cheaper than when the Republicans were in power.

3. That so long as Capt. Ashe was State Printer he declared that the price was low enough, but now that he has been defeated he is seeking to damage this Legislature by offering to do the work at a Cheap John price.

4. That The News and Observer, in all public matters, is the friend and champion of the corporations and against the people. In every way he has thrown himself against a Railroad Commission, and against all measures which the Alliance has championed. His well-known corporation proclivities made it impossible for this Legislature to give his paper any endorsement. He did not get a vote, and Mr. Daniels was elected by acclamation.

Deafness Can't Be Cured
by local application, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucus lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucus surfaces.
We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

"Did the fish man have frogs' legs, Bridget?"

"Sure I couldn't see, mum; he had his pants on."—Life.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. R. H. HOLLIDAY, Clinton, and J. R. SMITH, Druggist, Mount Olive, N. C.

"You say you fought all through the war, but I can't find your name on any of the enlistment rolls."

"I know it; I wasn't enlisted. I fought with my wife."—Busy Bee.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."
Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S Ointment.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Entered according to Postal Laws at Clinton, N. C., as second class mail matter.

CLINTON, N. C.,—MARCH 5 1891.

R. R. COMMISSIONERS.

The Three Men Nominated by the Caucus

FOR THE VERY IMPORTANT AND RESPONSIBLE POSITION.

The Legislature Will Elect Them Thursday.

[By Telegraph to THE CAUCASIAN.]
SENATE CHAMBER, N. C.,
Raleigh, March 4. 1891.

THE CAUCASIAN,
Clinton, N. C.

C. C. Beddingfield, Maj. J. W. Wilson and Thomas W. Mason were nominated last night for Railroad Commissioners.

MARION BUTLER.

The Senate Refuses

TO ACCEPT THE PROPOSITION OF THE W. & W. R. R. AS RECOMMENDED BY THE RAILROAD INVESTIGATION COMMITTEE.

(Special Correspondent.)

RALEIGH, N. C, March 4, '91.

The proposition of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company to *conditionally* surrender its claimed exemption from taxation in consideration of certain extraordinary privileges and franchises asked from the Legislature came up for consideration last night. The discussion was spirited and strong for four hours. But by a vote of 28 to 14 the Senate refused to make one basis of taxation for a corporation and a different one for the people, and justly so.

The people have won. The road must surrender *unconditionally* before it can get any more privileges from the State.

MARION BUTLER.

[Our readers will remember that THE CAUCASIAN took a strong stand against this proposition last summer, while nearly every other paper was advocating it. We are glad to see that the Senate takes the same view of the matter.—H. W. B.]

"SENATOR BUTLER'S COMMISSION."

We clip from the Wilmington Messenger of yesterday the following editorial:

"The bill of Senator Butler, of Sampson, to create a Commission to revise and recommend changes in the Constitution of the State is of importance. It looks to securing amendments in regard to private corporations and the equalization of taxes—of assessments. We have for years urged these two amendments or changes. We have insisted that the time of the Legislature was too much occupied and necessarily with the consideration of mere local matters instead of being able to devote itself chiefly to the work of general legislation. We long ago pointed out the necessity of an omnibus bill so as to get rid of the thousand and one local bills. Every one at all familiar with legislative proceedings knows how much time is spent in the introduction of bills that die almost before they are born, and in the consideration of really unimportant local matters that might well be met under a cheaper and more expeditious system than a session of the General Assembly biennially.

As to the adjustment of taxation upon a fair and equitable basis, we have been urging it for years. When Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., was in the Legislature he introduced an elaborate and carefully drawn bill, showing no little thought, looking to the equalizing of taxes in North Carolina. We had some correspondence with him relative thereto, and tried, so far as we could, to aid him in his most commendable efforts to bring about more equality and a more thorough system in the matter of taxes. There would be hundreds of thousands more taxes gathered if property were properly assessed and men were prosecuted and heavily fined who suppressed and evaded and tried to cheat the State out of its just taxes.

It is well known that there is great inequality throughout the State in taxing the same kind of property. A thorough investigation and report at this point would fairly astonish the natives. We wish Senator Butler the best success in his praiseworthy effort to help North Carolina in the two points pressed in his bill. We certainly favor any proper plan that will make legislation more effective and satisfactory, and will remedy, even in part, the evil of unequal and, therefore, unjust taxation."

THE FIGHT OVER THE COMMISSION.

Many of our exchanges have been complimenting the skill with which the friends of the Commission engineered through the bill intact against such adroit, insiduous and dangerous attacks as were made on it. The Charlotte Democrat speaks of it as follows:

"The great Legislative event has been the Railroad Commission Bill. It has been reported from the committee by Senator Butler, acting for the majority, and a minority report signed by Senators Grigsby and Walker, was also submitted. Senator Lucas offered an amendment substituting $3,000 instead of $2,500 as the pay of the Commissioners, and this was adopted by a vote of ayes 25, nays 13. Mr. Audry voting in the negative. Another amendment, to to the effect that no member of the present General Assembly shall be a member of the Commission, was offered by Senator Grigsby and adopted. Senator Butler said that the two amendments adopted did not effect the principles of the bill or the powers contained therein, but gave notice that every other amendment would be fought. The bill was discussed until adjournment. Yesterday it came up again in the Senate as unfinished business, and an exciting debate occurred. It was evident that the friends of the bill had determined to force it through as near as possible as it came from the hands of the committee, and Senator Butler, who championed the bill, as it was discussed by sections, performed his part in defense of the committee with all the adroitness of a most accomplished parliamentarian. He combated each and every attempt to tack on amendments, and succeeded in killing every one, which were offered in the following order: Requiring the different railroad companies to file, within thirty days, a schedule of rates, and that the Commission shall carefully examine such rates, and, if found correct, they be adapted by the roads. (This was in the interest of making the Commission an advisory one, and was rejected). Requiring certain sums paid into the Treasury to be refunded to the companies—voted down. Proposing to strike out the section requiring a bond of $25,000 on the part of roads appealing for injunction in cases where the roads consider they are dealt unjustly with in establishing rates—voted down. Allowing railroad damages in certain cases—voted down. That two separate actions shall not be brought for the same act of negligence—voted down. To reduce the pay of the Commissioners to $1,500 (introduced by Senator Galloway)—voted down. To allow the people of the State to elect the Commissioners after the first election by the General Assembly (offered by Mr. Walser)—voted down.

Thus, with no innovation on the feature of the bill as it came from the committees, except the reduction of the salary to $2,000, and ineligibility of the members of the present General Assembly the bill reached a vote on the second reading, and was adopted by a good majority. Explanations of votes were mode. Senator Lucas said he had hoped for a bill giving less power to the Commissioners. He declared that he voted for the bill as the best he could do under the circumstances, but that he did so with reluctance. Senator Williams declared that he voted for the bill "with mental reservations." The bill then came up on the third reading, and Senator Bell, sprung, as it were, a new question, which he deemed essential to the welfare of Western North Carolina, in the matter of obtaining needed railroad facilities. He offered an amendment relative to the regulation of freight. It declared that the Commission SHALL take into consideration the difficulties of building railroads in the mountains of the West. Senator Lucas, with all his accustomed tact and zeal, came to the rescue of the proposed amendment as did Senator Avery. For a time an ugly spat seemed imminent, and it looked as if the amendment would be adopted, but at this juncture Senator Butler calmed the "rising surge" by stating in his quiet but forcible way that all these matters had been given a most patient hearing in the committee, and had been duly weighed and considered, and appealed to Senators to take the bill as presented. One more charge, and this time it smacked of politics. Senator Walser offered an amendment that only two of the Commissioners should be of the same political party—voted,—but not until the Senator from Pitt (Mr. Williams) had announced that he favored on Republican on the board. Further tactics of an opposing character seemed hopeless, and a call for the previous question was sustained. The bill passed its third reading, went over to the House for adoption, and is now a law.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

VARIOUS ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED, AND BRIEFLY STATED SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

The State of Texas has $1,000,000 in the Treasury.

Tuesday witnessed the demise of Czar Reed's Congress.

Negroes are leaving Arkansas for Oklahoma in great numbers.

The bill has become a law to prohibit sale of cigarrettes to minors.

Ex-Governor Foster, of Ohio, is the new Secretary of the Treasury.

The Mississippi river is very high—up to the danger line at Memphis.

Senator Blair, of New Hampshire has been appointed and confirmed as minister to China.

On Friday the Illinois Legislature took the 131st ballot for United States Senator without result.

There are two hundred women in the United States who regularly violate the New Testament by preaching.

We receive favorable reports of patients treated for consumption by Dr. Knoch's lymph at at Augustine, Fla.

There are only 9,000,000 mortgages operating in this country according to the Porter census. Is it surprising that some people are very poor.

The Railroad Commissioners of New Hampshire say that since 1873 no passenger has been killed or very seriously injured in a passenger car in that State.

The vote by which the bill authorizing wome to vote, recently defeated in the Kansas House of Representatives, has been reconsidered and passed.

Rev. Thos. Dixon said in his sermon in New York that the Force bill "is a quarter of a century out of date, and intelligent negroes condemn it as a delusion and a humbug."

Gen. Butler announces himself in favor of the free coinage of silver. Unless Butler has been very much misrepresented he always had a weakness for silver.—Wil. Star.

The New York Herald figures that it costs "nearly one hundred dollars a minute to keep the Federal government in running order." And very poor running order at that.—Wil. Star.

There is really now no issue between the white and colored races in the South but this: Whether the colored people will work for reasonable wages or be fooled away by lying emigration agents.

In its new dress the Progressive Farmer is one of the handsomest papers in the State and seems to be well sustained by the farmers in whose interest it is published. Mr. Cade is doing some good work on it.

United States Senator George Hurst, of California, died at his residence in Washington City on the 28th ult., of Bright's Disease of the kidney and heart trouble. He had been ill for more than six months and confined to his room for about two months.

The center of population has moved West forty-eight miles since the census of 1880. It is now located near Greensburg, Ind., and is moving slowly towards the Northwest. There seems to be something of a political storm center moving in the same direction.

The Farmers' Alliance has done more to alleviate and destroy the bitter, rancorous feelings, engendered by politicians, between the North and South, than any organization since the "late unpleasantness." We hope to see the Alliance extend this pacific policy from Maine to Mexico.—The Spectator.

"Nothing fails like failure," says the Providence Journal "and Mr. Reed has made the most striking failure of any politician of modern times." But the Democracy ought not to gird Mr. Reed. In teaching the people the danger of Republican radicalism he has also taught them the value of Democratic Administration. Let the Mugwump and the partisans of Blaineism poke fingers of derision at Mr. Reed. Democracy owes him nothing but proper funeral respect—a few flowers. We shall never see another Czar like him.—Phil. Record, Dem.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles!

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumor. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents.

DR. SWAYNE & SON,
feb21—6m Philadelphia

W. D. DAWSON.
Tonsorial Artist,
MOUNT OLIVE, N. C.

Hair Cutting and Shaving executed in latest styles. Give me a trial.

[Continued from First Page.]

The question of the legal rate of interest is not dead, as was supposed when the bill fixing it at six per centum failed to pass the Senate. A bill to the same effect has been set as the special order in the House for to-night at 8 o'clock. There is a good prospect that it will pass that body. It may yet become a law of the State before the session closes. There is a strong demand for this legislation and it ought to be had. The masses of the people ought certainly to be as competent to judge what is best for them on this important question as the few who have money to lend. The farmers of the State will, in our opinion, be greatly disappointed if this demand of theirs shall fail to be met, and justly so. Let interest be reduced to six per cent., and if men who have surplus money do not choose to lend it at that rate, let them invest it in business enterprises.

The scope of legislation this session has reached from protecting opossums to the establishment of a Railroad Commission.

NOTES.

Rev. F. M. Royal, of Sampson, a member of the present senior-class of Wake Forest College, spent a few days in Raleigh this week.

Mr. Allen Daughtry, of Sampson, and Mr. O. P. Middleton, of Warsaw, are here for a few days.

SENATE CHAMBER,
NORTH CAROLINA,
Raleigh, Feb. 28, '91.

MR. H. W. BUTLER:

Dear Brother—While it is the custom among newspapers to clip from articles appearing in exchanges referring in a complimentary way to the newspaper or its editor, yet for fear of being misunderstood, you will please publish nothing else referring to me or my legislative course, either directly or indirectly. * * * * *

If you fail to hear from me by Tuesday night, then condense the proceedings of the General Assembly from the Raleigh papers.

Very truly,
Your Brother,
MARION BUTLER.

[In justice to myself and the editor of this paper, I take the liberty of publishing the above extract from a private business letter.
H. W. B.,
Editor in Charge.]

NEW TRUSTEES.

Elected for the State University.

The Legislature has elected the following Trustees for the University of North Carolina, to take the place of those whose terms have expired:

Hon. Fred Phillips, of Edgecombe.
W. N. Mebane, Esq., of Rockingham.
J. A. McIver, of Moore.
R. M. Furman, of Buncombe.
F. H. Busbee, of Wake.
Benehan Cameron, of Durham.
John W. Starnes, of Buncombe.
Marsden Bellamy, of New Hanover.
John W. Fries, of Forsyth.
Marion Butler, of Sampson.
Thomas S. Kenan, of Wake.
R. S. Beall, of Caldwell.
G. Samuel Bradshaw, of Randolph.
A. H. Merritt, of Chatham.
J. D. Murphy, of Pitt.
James W. Wilson, of Burke
W. L. Saunders, of Wake.
Z. B. Vance, of Mecklenburg.
Dr. R. H. Lewis, of Wake.

TO FILL VACANCIES.

To fill vacancies caused by vacancies:

D. G. Worth, of New Hanover, in place of W. H. Chadburn, of New Hanover.
W. C. Riddick, of Halifax, in place of A. C. Avery of Burke.
F. S. Spruill, of Franklin, in place of Hon J. J. Davis, of Franklin.
W. D. Pruden, of Chowan, in place of Eugene Grissom of Wake.
W. J. Peele, of Wake, in place of Robert Bingham, of Alamance.
J. W. Todd, of Ashe, in place of C. R. Thomas, of Craven.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C.,
181 Pearl st., New York.

If woman lost us Eden, such as she alone can restore it.—Whittier.

I DEFY COMPETITION!

For my aim is to please my customers and not my competitors. Come with ready cash to

G. D WRIGHT,

And he will prove it. On Family Groceries, Fine Fruits, Glass and Crockery Ware he cannot be undersold. He pays the highest market price for family produce.

ODDS AND ENDS.

A meerschaum mine has been discovered in Florida.

One of the many English novelists of the day, A. Conan Doyle, is an oculist in active practice.

Miss Ellen Terry, the actress, is president of the Ladies' Cycling club of London.

It is not so much what a man thinks of you as what he persuades others to think of you.

W. H. H. Murray has registered a vow to mark the spot where Sitting Bull is buried with a memorial stone.

Within the last six years, it is estimated, no fewer than 2,666,276 immigrants have arrived in the United States.

There is a price to be paid for all true work. Recall the terrible isolation of Carlyle and his wife at Craigenputtock.

Bent whalebones can be restored and used again by simply soaking in water a few hours and then drying them.

The largest greenback extant is a $10,000 bill, and there is only one such note in existence; of the $5,000 bills there are seven.

Benjamin H. Currier, of Boston, has administered the obligation oath to bench officers for sixty years. Mr. Currier is 94 years old.

Five pounds ten shillings sterling per pound was paid in London recently for a small package of unapproachable tea brought overland through Russia.

During the siege of Valenciennes in 1793 the weather, which had been hot and dry, became violently rainy after the cannonading commenced.

Take five cents' worth of baking powder. Make in a paste with ammonia; rub on nickel with a soft cloth and polish off with another flannel cloth.

The first iron pen was made in 1685; the first steel pen in 1803 by Wise. Joseph Gillot's cheap steel pens were first made in 1820.

It is stated that 1,500,000 Christmas parcels were delivered by the British postoffice, of which 1,116,000 comprised turkeys, fowls, game and Christmas puddings.

The trust controlling the African diamond mines have resolved to reduce the product from 4,000,000 to 2,000,000 of carats per annum, and raw diamonds have risen 100 per cent. in consequence.

A Youngster's Reasoning.

A lawyer who lives in the neighborhood of Central park has a bright, chubby little boy about three years old. For some time the youngster has been vigorously protesting every morning against his father's going downtown and staying all day. He thinks papa ought to stay at home, like mamma. Wednesday morning the urchin objected to the departure more sternly than before, and at last the lawyer bethought him to tell his son that "papa was going downtown to get bread and butter for them to eat." That put a new face on the matter, and the protest was withdrawn. All day the little fellow was on the edge of anxiety and could scarcely retain his eagerness to see his father return.

At 5 o'clock he met his father on the landing, and the moment he saw him he cried out, "Where is the bread and butter, papa?" "Oh," said the wily attorney, "I sent that on ahead, and it is out in the kitchen long ago." Thursday morning, when the father had pulled on his overcoat and found his hat, the 3-year old asked, "Papa, going down town to get some more bread and butter?" He was answered in the affirmative. Then he pressed his face against the window and looked at the rain coming down heavily. "I guess," he said, "papa will get bread and gravy today."—New York Star.

Three Remarkable Books.

Among small printed books an honorable place should be reserved for "The Bible in Miniature," printed by Newberry in 1780. Each page, which only measures 1 1-5 inches in length and 12-16 in width, contain on an average 21 words and about 150 letters. Still another wonderful volume is a religious work called "Small Rain Upon the Tender Herb," printed by a tract society in London. Its leaves are 1 1-4 by 1 inch in size, yet each page holds an average of 40 words or about 260 letters.

Besides these two curious, tiny volumes there is, it appears, a work in existence still more remarkable. It is without printed matter, and is known as "The Wordless Book." It has but 10 leaves, each of a different color. For over 300 years it has been kept in the library at St. Rupert's monastery. Its wordless pages are only consulted on Easter, St. John's eve and Christmas. On these dates the monks claim that the leaves of the sacred volume are miraculously covered with appropriate texts in characters of shining gold.—St. Louis Republic.

The Ballet in America.

Our country was first visited by a ballet in 1827, and all women in the audience of the old Bowery theatre rose in outraged modesty and dignity and left this then most fashionable place of divertissement. That was sixty-four years ago. Today Miss Leontine Morgan, of Boston, is to be a premiere danseuse at the Metropolitan Opera house. She has devoted every day of the last four years to her pretty, dexterous toes, and with a proper confidence that a Boston atmosphere was sufficient for her brain development she has no need for other training.—New York Cor. Chicago Herald.

Dr. Talmage's Foresight.

The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage spends his New Year's day in his charming home in one of the pretty Brooklyn streets off Fort Greene park in a thoroughly characteristic way. He receives. His drawing rooms are thrown open to Tom, Dick and Harry, and Mrs. Talmage and her daughters are kept busy. The reverend gentleman is particularly attentive to newspaper men. The name of every caller is given to Mr. Talmage's secretary, who sits up stairs busily engaged in making out a list of "prominent people." When the newspaper men leave the minister goes to the door with them and hands to each a list of his visitors. "I had it prepared for you," he says affably, "as I know it is what you want."—Epoch.

They Are Restrained.

John Forrest lives in Iowa, and one night he was filled with shot while stealing chickens. Ever since that date he has been called "Hencoop Forrest," but he has at last grown tired of it, and the other day applied to the courts to restrain the citizens from further using the title as applied to him.—Detroit Free Press.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

** SPRING ** 1891. **

FIRST ARRIVAL
—OF—
NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT THE—
DRY-GOODS EMPORIUM
—OF—
WILLIAM A. JOHNSON.

New Dress Goods and Trimmings; New Ginghams and Zephyrs; White Goods and Embroideries. Many Novelties in Foreign and Domestic Makes.

New Stock of Shoes!

You are cordially invited to call and examine them.

Respectfully,
WM. A. JOHNSON.
CLINTON, N. C.

STORE NEWS!

Buying at A. F. JOHNSON & CO.'S Store now if just about like buying a gold dollar for ninety cents; yes, or even,—in a few cases—at SEVENTY-FIVE cents. We have not so great an assortment as earlier in the season, but we can fix you out with neatness and dispatch.

SPRINGTIME will soon be here, and we would feel badly not to find our winter stock all disposed of. There are four or five weeks of cold weather yet. Can't you use some—Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Blankets, Mens' Hats and heavy Boots and Shoes—while it lasts?

If in need of any of these goods IT WILL PAY YOU TO COME AND GET THEM NOW!

EARLY INVOICE OF SPRING

Ginghams, Calicoes, Cambrics, White Lowns, Outing Clothes, Shirting, &c.

☞ Another big lot of those "BIJOU" BUTTON SHOES at

$ 2.00 !

The best Ladies' Shoe ever sold in Clinton. (Every pair warranted.

Very Respectfully,

A. F. JOHNSON & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHRISTMAS GIFT!

Will ere long resound through every household in our prosperous and happy SUNNY SOUTH. You know the demand must be met, and you cannot complete your memorandum any where else as perfectly as at the Mammoth Dry Goods Establishment of

FRANK THORNTON

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Special attention has been given to a critical selection of

HIGH GRADE NOVELTIES
—AS WELL AS—
Useful and Ornamental Goods.

And the combined lines and assortments we feel sure cannot be surpassed in any of the

Southern States.

This unprecedented array of Holliday Goods surpasses anything in quantity and quality ever exhibited in the South. We kindly solicit an examination.

The Verdict.
To rest with you, and we will be satisfied.

What You Want.
We know is the most difficult problem for you to solve, but we can show you anything from a fine

Fine Silk Dress
TO A
TINEY DOLL

To make your selections from. In our immense stock you are bound to strike something suitable for your purpose.

What Will It Be?
If you want to do something real handsome, Ladies, present your husbands with a real nice

OVERCOAT
—OR—
Suit of Clothing!

This will be sensible and your husband will think more of you (even if he has to pay the bill.)

Gentlemen
would not make a mistake by presenting to their wives one of our handsome

SEAL SKIN WRAPS
—OR—
SILK DRESS.

These are durable and lasting remembrances. However you are to be the judges, and if you do not want to go so deep down in your pockets we can interest you in a brilliant line of

BRIC*A*BRAC

Of every description. Now in this line of goods it is almost an impossibility to give any adequate idea through the medium of an advertisement.

Our New Galleries,
which run the entire length of our store, on both sides, erected especially for the occasion, are full, chock full of the

Latest and Newest Designs

From the hands of the largest importers. Note below a few of the many attractions:

Bronze Candelabras, Banquet Lamps, Ewers, Students Lamps, Onyx Tables, Umbrella Stands, Smoking Tables, Cigar Stands, Vases, Majolica Ware, Baskets, Trays, Christmas Cards, Christmas Books, Lap Desks, Ink Stands, Bronze Pitchers, Fancy Paper, Work Boxes, Japanese Ware, Dressing Cases, Shaving Cases, Magic Lanterns, Albums, Easels, Frames, Mirrors, Dolls, Tea Sets, Lamps, Book Racks, Piano Lamps, Wall Pockets, Smokers Cases, and numberless other articles, any of which would make a handsome gift We solicit a careful examination of our immense stock, and are satisfied that we can please the most exacting.

FRANK THORNTON,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
oct-30 tf.

THE CAUCASIAN.

CLINTON, N. C.—MARCH 5, 1891.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

How to Advertise.

We do not wish large advertisements, but a number of small ones for a year. It is not SIZE but TIME that we prefer.

RATES.

ADVERTISING:

1 inch	1 week,	75	4 col. (6 in.)	1 wk,	$ 3.50
1 "	1 mo.,	$ 1.50	4 " "	1 mo.,	$ 7.50
1 "	1 yr.,	$10.00	4 " "	1 yr.,	$35.00
3 "	1 wk.,	$ 2.00	8 " "	1 wk.,	$ 6.00
3 "	1 mo.,	$ 4.00	8 " "	1 mo.,	$11.00
3 "	1 yr.,	$25.00	8 " "	1 yr.,	$65.00
Col.	1 week,	$ 9.00			
1 "	1 mo.,	$15.00	An extra charge is		
1 "	1 yr,	$120.00	made for position.		

SUBSCRIPTION:

One year,	$1 50
Six months,	75
Four months,	50

Wants, Business Locals, Reading Notices, Cards, etc., will be inserted at ten cents per line (six words) for first insertion and at five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituaries published free if not more than ten lines, (sixty words); five cents for each additional line (six words each). This charge is made, as you will see, simply as a check on length.

Communications discussing the topics of the day, if to the point and briefly expressed will be published in column headed "A Forum of Public Opinion."

Communications containing strictly News Items will always be welcomed and published with pleasure. By sending such news items frequently you will help both your community and the paper.

When you wish your address changed, give old as well as new office.

Address all communications and business letters to

THE CAUCASIAN, Clinton, N. C.

Matters of a private nature should be marked "Personal" and addressed to

MARION BUTLER,
Clinton, N. C

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ "Wants" and Business Notices can be inserted in this column at ten cents a line.

Mr. Editor: Ask twenty Clinton ladies in succession what plaster they consider the most strengthening, the most soothing, the most healing, and in all respects the most desirable, and nineteen of them will promptly answer, LEE'S BACKACHE PLASTER.
oc 9–1y.

For Carpenter's Tools, Builders' Material and all kinds of Hardware, go to T. H. PARTRICK'S.

Early Rose Potatoes at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

Transient Boarders wanted from 60 cents to $1.00 per day.
mh5—tf J. T. GREGORY.

Capt. W. A. Johnson has been on the cotton market since the departure of Mr. French McQueen buying for Messrs. Williams & Murchison, of Wilmington. He will pay you the highest market price for your cotton.

LADIES REMEMBER THIS!
The best Shoes to be had, from $1.00 to $2.50. Every pair warranted solid. W. S. PARTRICK.

Another lot of Essence of Lemon in Pitchers at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

New Calicoes, Ginghams, Spring Worsteds, and Cashmeres at the Racket Store. Call and see them, they are wonderfully cheap.
Respectfully,
MRS. MARY E. PETERSON & Co.

Crockery, Glassware, Tin Ware at T. H. Partrick's Hardware store.

Another lot of those cheap Trunks just received at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

I HAVE IT NOW!
A beautiful line of Spring Outing Cloths, in dress styles and shirtings.
W. S. PARTRICK.

Flower Seed at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

Having resumed the Practice of Medicine, I offer my services to the people of Sampson. I shall devote my practice to the treatmeat of Dropsy, Diseases of Children and Malarial Fever.
R. H. HOLLIDAY, M. D.

Plows, Castings and all kinds of Farming Utensils, at T. H. Partrick's Hardware store (old stand of J. A. Ferrell.)

Rail Road Snuff 35 cts per lb. Early Rose Potatoes 1.75 per bushel.
C. P. JOHNSON.

"Point Lace" Flour at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

Garden Seeds, Seed Beans, Seed Irish Potatoes, Pickels, Spices, Nutmegs, &c. Respectfully,
B. F. POWELL.

Just received Early Rose Planting Potatoes, Onion Sets, and all other kind of Garden Seeds. For sale cheap at C. P. JOHNSON'S.

A neat line of Mens' Hats just received at T. M. FERRELL'S.

JUST RECEIVED!
2,000 yards Zephyr Ginghams, which have never sold for less than 12½ cents. Am making a leader of these now at 10 cents.
W. S. PARTRICK.

1,000 yards Standard Calico 6 cents a yard. 1,000 yards Beautiful Dress Goods at 5 cents per yard. Some splendid Cottonades for Pants at 15 cents per yard. Fine Pants Cloth at 40 to 85 cents per yard. Hosiery, Suspenders, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.
B. F. POWELL.

The best Flour for the least money at T. M. FERRELL'S.

We are still selling out at cost and will keep at it until the stock is sold.
On our return from the North we will show you the finest line of Clothing, Shoes and Hats ever brought to Clinton. Look out for our new Spring opening.
Yours, Very Friendly,
M. HANSTEIN

TRUCKERS! You can't afford to waste your time and money by planting cheap and inferior seed. So leave your orders with A. F. Johnson & Co. for Landreth & Sons' guaranteed Seed Beans and Early Rose Potatoes.

That cheap Tobacco can yet be had at T. M. FERRELL'S

WM. H. IVEY, the Cancer Doctor, will be at Mr. Rufus Faircloth's place, near Clinton, Friday, April 3d. '91. Those afflicted with Cancer or Warts can be cured by him on application.
feb 19—3t*

Index to New Advertisements.

Notice - Young Bros.
Notice of Sale—J. S. Bizzell.
Spring 1891—Wm. A. Johnson.
Store News—A. F. Johnson & Co.
Special Notice—Wm. A. Johnson.

LOCALS:

—There is some complaint of scarcity of labor by our farmers.

—The farmers are buying vast quantities of fertilizers. The supply is not equal to the demand.

—Mr. J. M. Britt, of Newton Grove township, has in our office on exhibit eight ears of corn that grew from one stem.

—Mr. John D. Kerr. of Franklin township, has moved his family to his father-in-law's, Mr. L. C. Hubbard, of this town.

—Our truck farmers are planting largely in Irish potatoes and strawberries. We hope their profits will fully meet their expectations.

—We learn that Miss Annie Giddens will open a Millinery Establishment in town about the first of April. She will occupy the store now occupied by Mr. H. B. Giddens, next door to W. A. Johnson's.

—The great amount of rain we have had for several weeks has retarded farming operations some, but with the bright and beautiful weather we now have, our industrious farmers will soon catch up and be on time.

—During the worm weather of the past few weeks vegetation put out very rapidly, especially peach and pear blooms, and we fear that we will again be deprived of this excellent fruit owing to the change in the weather.

—The Public Printing question aroused some discussion among the people of the State. See a full statement of the facts on our first page, written by the editor of this paper, who is in Raleigh and a member of the Legislature, who therefore knows the true inwardness of the whole matter.

—We sympathise with the family of Mr. and Mrs. Dock Butler in the loss of their little girl, who was burned so severely that she died on Tuesday last and was buried on yesterday, near Clinton. Mr. Butler, in trying to rescue the child, was burned severely. His hands are in a precarious condition.

—T. H. Pritchard, D. D., of Wilmington, will deliver his celebrated lecture on Naples Vesuvius and Pompei, at Atkins' Hall, on next Monday night, March 9th. Dr. Pritchard is a prominent pastor and an eloquent speaker. He speaks from a personal visit to the thrilling scene he describes. Admission to lecture 15 cents; 10 cents for children. No reserved seats. Doors open at 7:30. Lecture begins at 8 P. M.

The Lumberton Robesonian of February 25th says:

Mr. M. E. Hobbs already finds the National hotel too small for his patronage, and is adding several more bed rooms. We note with real pleasure this substantial evidence of the popularity of the new hotel.

Mr. Hobbs is a native of this county and was at one time a resident of this place. THE CAUCASIAN is glad to note his success as a hotelist in Lumberton.

—Mr. F. T. Atkins' Bob Lee, carried off the first premium for the fastest 3-year old colt, at the New Berne Fair last week. Cleveland, the trotting horse of Mr. J. B. Matthis also won honors in a trotting race. These horses have been entered at a number of Fairs this season and each time have borne off honors.

F. T. Atkins' horse, Bob Lee, sire Abdallah Chief, dam Maggie Wilkes.

Beatty Matthis' horse, Cleveland, sire Abdallah Chief, dam Nellie Washington.

—By some unknown cause our local for last week's issue on the sermon of Rev. Mr. Hoffman, of Morganton, who preached in St. Paul's Episcopal church on the preceding Monday night, failed to reach our priners. Mr. Hoffman preached a most excellent sermon, explaining lucidly the object and duties of the Lenton season. His manner is impressive and earnest in the chancel, socially, genial and attractive. His first visit gave so much pleasure we hope to be able to extend our acquaintance.

N. C. Trucker's Association.

The annual meeting of the Eastern North Carolina Trucker's Association will be held in Mount Olive on next Tuesday, the 10th instant. All those interested should be sure to attend. The meeting at Clinton did much good and this one can be conducive of much profit to the Truckers if they will meet and consult with each other.

An Attractive Combined POCKET ALMANAC and MEMORANDUM BOOK advertising BROWN'S IRON BITTERS the best Tonic, given away at Drug and general stores. Apply at once.

BEN TERRELL.

A Brief Extract from the National F. A. & I. U's Lecture on Monday.

The town was full of farmers Monday. They came to hear Mr. Ben Terrell, the Alliance Orator, and they did not come in vain, for his speech was one of the finest presentation of Alliance principles and the people's wrongs that has ever been heard in these parts. All who heard him were charmed with his speech and also with the man. He inculcated kindly feelings toward all classes, and said no organization can accomplish good by arraying one class against another; that "prejudices are hurtful and must if possible be avoided." Democrats and Republicans cannot unite but the great brotherhood known as the Alliance, of every section, can and will unite. Organization is going on now, more rapidly than ever. This means the redemption of the farmer. Some call it a secret organization—a dark lantern affair. The truth is that it is a fraternal order, bound together by the strongest of obligations, and the secret work is designed as a means of recognition.

In referring to education he said "knowledge is power," and you must be informed or you cannot succeed. There never was a time in the history of this country when we had such need to study well the policies of the Government and their effects upon the different classes of the country. In speaking of the demands of the Alliance he said the rights of all should be respected. Wisdom should guide and conservatism walk by her side. Our National Alliance should be composed of the best men, who know the wants of our people, and their demands must be sustained at the ballot box. We have as much right to ask for legislation in favor of our business as other people. He said the way to send good men to the National Alliance was, for sub-Alliances to discuss the matters before them and each sub-Alliance send its best man to the County Alliance, then let the County Alliance discuss the matters in question and send its best man to the State Alliance. Let the State Alliance, after amply examining into and discussing matters before it, select its best man and send him to the National Alliance. Then our national body will be composed of men as any people may be proud of.

The alien ownership of land was ably discussed and in conclusion of this matter he introduced some startling figures, showing that in fee simple, and in railroad lands, and in farm mortgages, that aliens own 261,078,600 acres of the lands of our country. He said the total number of acres owned by aliens and corporations is 543,073,200. Unless something is speedily done, this glorious land of Liberty, once ours, will soon be controlled by foreign and domestic corporations. The demand regarding the railroads was so ably handled that we feel certain no one who heard it is unconverted to this theory. The demand for financial reform, embracing the Sub-treasury plan was dwelt upon at considerable length. His arguments were almost inexhaustable, and we wish space would allow us to reproduce them.

Personals.

Dr. J. A. Stevens returned from the New Berne Fair last Monday.

Miss Maria Shaw, of Faison, was in town last week visiting relatives.

Miss Jennie Faison, of Goldsboro, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Dr. Marable.

Miss Martha Matthis, a resident near town, returned from a visit among relatives at Goldsboro last night.

Mr. William Boen and family left yesterday morning for Wilmington, in which place they will make their home in the future.

Mr. French McQueen, a former cotton buyer of this town, but who recently accepted a position in The Orton, at Wilmington, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Willie Holmes, who has been for the past few months traveling agent for W. H. Leake & Co., at Kernersville, N. C., returned to his home in this town Saturday.

Mr. W. S. Partrick will leave on an extended trip to New York and Boston to lay in a full supply of Dry Goods, Millinery, Shoes and Notions on next Saturday. Look out for new "ad".

Mr. and Mrs. M. Hanstein and their two daughters, Hattie and Sylvia, left this morning for Atlantic City, N. J., where they remain for about four weeks. Mr. H. will in the meantime visit the Northern Markets for the purpose of purchasing his Spring and Summer stock.

Warsaw Notes.

[Special Correspondent.]

WARSAW, N. C., March 3d, '91.

Mr. B. Kornegay had the misfortune to lose his residence and furniture by fire last Friday night. He is left almost destitute and any favor will be gratefully received. He is a deserving man and has a large family to support.

Mr. J. W. Whitman is building a residence on Plank Road street.

Mr. Ab. Guy was seriously scalded by a blow up at Aaron's sawmill Monday evening. Damage to mill slight. K.

Free Course of Tuition at the University.

We notice that the Professors of the University have established a Course Free of Tuition, especially for Teachers beginning March 15th, 1891, and lasting ten weeks. Those interested should write to President Kemp P. Battle for particulars.

All Through Sampson.

What Sampsonians are Doing and Saying.

☞Send us the news from your township for this column. Every subscriber to this paper has a right and is requested to contribute items of news in "hes" neighborhood for this column. We will not publish your name unless you desire it.☜

TAYLOR'S BRIDGE.

Rev. D. B. Clayton will preach at Red Hill on next Sunday, March 8th.

HALLS.

Mr. James —— Hollingsworth was burned out a few days ago. We sympathize with Mr. Hollingsworth in his great loss.

MCDANIELS.

Mrs. Gaston Peterson and her daughter, Miss Addie, of Wilmington, have been visiting relatives in this section.

Mr. J. R. Smith, of Cumberland county, has been visiting in this section. KATIE.

FRANKLIN.

The second annual session of the Eastern Baptist Sunday School Association will convene with Siloam Baptist church at this place on Friday before the third Sunday in April, 1891, at 11 o'clock A. M. Introductory Sermon to be preached by Rev. O. P. Meeks. For a full programme see Biblical Recorder.
Respectfully,
N. F. HIGHSMITH, Sec'y.

WESTBROOKS.

Misses Arizonia Blackman and Orba Lee are visiting Mr. Eli and Mrs. Jessie F. Wilson.

PINEY GROVE.

Mr. J. E. Boyette made last year 3,150 pounds of tobacco on three and a quarter acres of land which brought $477. D.

SOUTH CLINTON.

There is an old lady in this township enjoying good health who has not eaten a single supper in forty years.

Rev. Mr. Ashby preached an able sermon at Kendall's last Sunday.

The school at Laurel Hill, under the management of Mr. J. O. Matthews, closed on Wednesday, the 25th ult. Mr. Matthews has done good work and shown himself to be a progressive teacher. We hope he will engage with us next fall for another long session.

IN MEMORIAM.

First ten lines free, 5 cents (half of advertising rates) for each subsequent line, counting 6 words to the line.

SALLIE LEVINNA BELL.

Died, February 26th, 1891, Sallie Levinna Bell, the little babe of Rev. J. W. Bell and Mary C. Bell, his wife; aged 11 months and one day. The cause of her death, it is supposed, to be a bite from a spider.

O can it be her spirit's fled—
Is she numbered with the dead?
O yes, though mamma held her in her lap;
Papa and friends around her sat,
While the Doctor came in haste,
And did his best to save her little form from death,
But all in vain. The angel Jesus sent still claimed her for his own.
"Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not for of such is the kingdom of God."

A FRIEND.

MOUNT OLIVE DEPARTMENT.

LOCAL ITEMS:

It snowed here last Friday night, Saturday night and Sunday night.

Mrs. H. W. McKinne and little Jesse have gone to Kinston to visit Mrs. McKinne's parents.

Misses Annie Southerland and Minnie Kelly are on the sick list. The latter is quite sick indeed, we are sorry to say.

Miss Clair Smith returned a few days ago from Dover, N. C., where she has been visiting the family of her brother, Mr. Ed. Smith.

Rev. Dr. Marable filled his appointment in the Presbyterian Church last Sunday. His congregation here are making an effort for him to preach twice a month for them.

Giddeon Davis, a lad whose parents moved to Fremont some time ago, died at that place last Sunday. His remains were brought to this place and interred in the family grave yard.

The Eastern Carolina Truckers' Association will meet here next Tuesday. Let the truckers come together and consult and plan for the common good. Mt. Olive will welcome you to her hospitality.

The District Conference of the Millburn District will be held in Kinston and will embrace the first Sunday in May. One of the Bishops is expected to be present and will preside over the Conference.

Ye local scribe attended the New Berne Fair last week. The attendance was very large and the exhibits very fine. They had quite an abundance of country products and early vegetables, beside all kind of fish, oysters, and wild "varmints."

James W. Lancaster, Hawkinsville, Ga., writes: "My wife was in bad health for eight years. Five doctors and as many more different patent medicines had done her no good. Six bottles of B. B. B. has cured her."

Save Money and Suffering.

One feature of the thousands of testimonials that have been given in behalf of S. S. S. is remarkable. In numbers of instances it is related that a great deal of time and money have been spent in vain effort to secure relief from diseases in the usual way. A knowledge of the virtues of Swift's Specific would have saved the time and the money, to say nothing of the prevention of the suffering. There need be no such mistakes made now. The great blood purifier is for sale by druggists everywhere, and the S. S. S. Company in Atlanta will send to any address their Treatiese on Blood and Skin Diseases free, and a pamphlet containing a few of the thousands of testimonials they have received from from those who have experienced the benefits of this wonderful medicine.

MARKETS.

CLINTON.

(Reported by A. F. JOHNSON & Co.)

Corn, (new)	60
Peas,	60
Bacon,	8 to 12
Chickens,	15 to 25
Eggs,	10
Beeswax	15 to 20
Butter,	20 to 25
Lard,	10 to 12
Fodder,	70
Flour,	5 50 to 6 00
Hides,	05 to 06
Turpentine, (hard)	1 20
" (Virgin and Yellow Dip)	2 00
Cotton,	8¼

WILMINGTON.

Spirits Turpentine,	30½ per gallon
Rosin, (strained)	1 15 per barrel
" (good strained)	1 20 per barrel
Tar,	$1 45 per barrel
Crude Turpentine, (Hard),	$1 20
" (Virgin	2 00
Yellow Dip)	2 00
Cotton,	8¼
Timber, per m.,	3 00 to 15

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

We are making preparation for our semi-annual trip to New York and need all money due us. If you owe us an account you are expected to settle it NOW!

You have had our goods and ought to pay for them.

Respectfully,
WM. A. JOHNSON.

N. B.—New Spring Goods just received. mch5—1m

NOTICE.

BY VIRTUE OF A POWER of sale, contained in a certain mortgage deed, made by G. W. West and Mary Francis West to Young Bros., which has been duly recorded in book No. 72, page 78, records of Sampson county, N. C, I will, on Monday, March the 31st, 1891, at 12 M., at the courthouse door in Clinton, N. C, sell for cash, at public auction, a certain tract of land in Sampson county, known as G. W. West's land, containing 63 acres, more or less. For further description see records of Sampson county.
YOUNG BROS.,
Mortgagees.
This Feb. 18, 1891.—mch5—4t

NOTICE OF SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of the Superior Court of Sampson county, made at February term, 1891, in case of H. R. Bennett and others against J. D. Kerr and others, the undersigned, as commissioner, of said court, will sell to the highest bidder at the courthouse door in Clinton, N. C., on the 6th day of April, 1891, three certain tracts of land, described as follows:

One tract in South Clinton township, adjoining the lands of G. W. Jones, M. M. Killett Allen Williamson and others, containing 90 acres, more or less.

2nd tract in same township, adjoining the lands of G. W. Jones, Stephen Boon, the Carters land and others, containing 49 acres.

3rd tract, in Mingo township, in the fork of Peter Lee's mill branch, adjoining the Hudson & Draughon lands and containing 64 acres, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.—20 per cent. cash; balance, one half in six months and one half in twelve months, with 8 per cent interest from day of sale. Title reserved. J. S. BIZZELL, Com.
This March 4th, 1891.—tds

NORTH CAROLINA, SAMPSON CO.—IN SUPERIOR COURT, JANUARY, 1891.

Deliah Fennell and others, vs. Lizzie Fennell and others } Petition for Sale.

To Lizzie Fennell, Lory Fennell, Edwin Fennell and Roscoe Fennell:

Whereas, a petition has been filed before the undersigned, Clerk of the Superior Court of Sampson county, to sell the land belonging to the late Ellen T. Fennell for division among her heirs-at-law, and it appearing that the above named parties are interested therein and are entitled to share belonging to Eddie Fennell, deceased, and it further appearing that said parties are now residents of the State; now, therefore, you are commanded to appear before me, at my office, on March 10th, 1891, and answer or demur to said petition, or judgment will be granted against you.

J. S. BIZZELL,
Clerk Superior Court.
Jan. 18th, 1891.—22–6t

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, ALWAYS reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GUANO
For Sale!

FARMER'S
Special Cotton Compound.

Made from Amonia, Bone, Cotton Seed Meal and Fish.

Manufactured by F. S Royster & Tarboro, N. C.

J. A. FERRELL, Agent,
feb19—2m Clinton, N. C.

MILL AND FIXTURES FOR SALE!

One Twenty-five Horse Power Watertown Steam Engine and Boiler and one Saw Mill; with Ratchet Head-Blocks, all made by Dewey Bros., Goldsboro, N. C., and having been run only about six months.

Also I will sell one Timber Wagon, one Log Cart and one road Wagon, all of them are nearly new.

Also I have three young Mules for sale.

For further particulars apply to
BIAS UNDERWOOD,
jan22—tf Clinton, N. C.

YOU MAN OF BUSINESS,
How Much Can You Lift?

That depends on what you lift with. Archimedes said: "Give me a fulcrum on which to rest, and I will move the earth."

Many a business has enough

CAPITAL AND ENERGY

And yet barely holds it own, or fails altogether because these forces are not wisely utilized.

If you would move the world of trade, try the fulcrum of Newspaper Advertising. THE CAUCASIAN will enable you to do this to the greatest possible advantage.

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.

"Mothers' Friend," is worth its weight in gold. My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other children than she did altogether with her last, after having used four bottles of "Mothers' Friend." It is a blessing to expectant mothers, says a customer. HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Ill.

Having used two bottles my sixth child was born with no pain comparatively.
Mrs. L. O. Vaughan, Sheridan Lake, Col.

Wonderful—relieves much suffering.
Mrs. M. M. Brewster, Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by express on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Book to mothers mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TAKE BOTANIC BLOOD BALM FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

The Best Household Medicine.

Once or twice each year the system needs purging of the impurities which clog the blood. From childhood to old age, no remedy meets all cases with the same certainty of good results as

BOTANIC BLOOD BALM.

W. C. McGauhey, Webb City, Ark., writes, "B. B. B. has done me more good and for less money than any other blood purifier I ever used. I owe the comfort of my life to it."
P. A. Shepherd, Norfolk, Va., August 10, 1888, writes: "I depend on B. B. B. for the preservation of my health. I have had it in my family now nearly two years, and in all that time have not had to have a doctor."
☞ Write for illustrated "Book of Wonders," BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Sent free.

REMOVAL!

J. T. GREGORY

Has removed his Tailoring Establishment from his old stand to his office on Sampson Street, next to the M. E. Church.

The great and orignal leader in low prices for men's clothes. Economy in cloth and money will force you to give him a call.

☞Latest Fashion plates always on hand. June 7th. 1yr.

CHAS. A. GOODWIN & CO.,
PROPRIETORS
Fayetteville Marble Works.
[LAUTER'S OLD STAND,]
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Marble and Granite Monuments, Wrought Iron and Woven Wire Fencing.

BEST WORK! LOWEST PRICES!
Guarantee Satisfaction!
feb5—tf

HOLLIDAY'S
DRUG STORE!

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE!"

Don't wait to get sick, but when you begin to feel bad come and get a dose of medicine and prevent sickness. This is the proper use of medicine. If you will do this you will scarcely ever have a doctor's bill to pay or lose months of time, and put your friends and relatives to such a deal of trouble.

In addition to my complete line of pure and reliable Drugs, I carry Warner's Log Cabin Remedies, B. B. B., the S. S. S., Quinine in small and large quantities; Simmon's Liver Regulator, Famous Specific Orange Blossom, Cuticura Remedies, Dr. Pierces Favorite Prescription, the Golden Medical Discovery, Horse and Cattle Powder (1 pound packages prepared by the Herb Co. of W. Va, Quaker brand.)

Prescriptions carefully compounded. Local and office practice upon request. Respectfully,
aug1—tf DR. R. H. HOLLIDAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. and Branches.

Condensed Schedule

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 19, '90.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 27. Fast mail. Daily.	No. 41 Daily ex. Sun.
Lv Weldon,	12 30 p m	5 43 pm	6 20 am
Ar Rock Mt.	1 40 "	.....	7 24 "
Ar Trboro,	*2 17 "	.....	
Lv Trboro.	10 45 "	.....	
Ar Wilson,	2 18 "	7 00 pm	7 53am
Lv Wilson,	*2 30 "	.....	
Ar Selma,	3 30 "	.....	"
Ar Fayettevil	5 35 "	.....	
Lv Goldsboro,	3 15 "	7 40 pm	8 40am
Lv Warsaw,	4 10 "	.....	9 34 "
Lv Magnolia,	4 24 "	8 40 "	9 49 "
Ar Wilmingt'n	5 50 "	9 55 "	11 20 "

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 14. Daily.	No. 78, Daily.	No. 40. Daily ex Sunday.
Lv Wilmingt'n	12 35 am	9 15 am	4 pm
Lv Magnolia,	2 05 "	10 57 "	5 36 "
Lv Warsaw		11 11 "	5 53 "
Ar Goldsboro,	3 05 "	12 05 "	6 53 "
Lv Fetteville		*9 20 "	
Ar Selma		11 18 "	
Ar Wilson		12 20 "	
Lv Wilson	3 43 "	12 58pm	7 47p.m
Ar Rocky Mt.		1 30 "	8 18 "
Ar Tarboro		*2 17 "	
Lv Tarboro		10 35 am	
Ar Weldon	5 05 "	2 55 pm	9 30 "

*Daily except Sunday.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch leaves Weldon 3 10 p. m., Halifax 3 32 p m; arrives Scotland Neck at 4 18 p. m., Greenville 6 02 p m., Kinston 7 10 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7 00 a. Greenville 8 10 a. m., arriving Halifax at 10 45 a. m., Weldon 11 05 a m. daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albemarle & Raleigh railroad, daily except Sunday, 4 05 p. m., Sunday 3 00 p. m., arrive Williamston, N. C., 6 30 p. m., 4 20 p. m., Plymouth 7 5)p. m., 5 20 p. m. Returning leaves leaves Plymouth, daily except Sunday, 6 20 a, m., Sunday 9 00 a. m, Williamston 7 40 a. m., 9 58 a. m., arrive Tarboro 10 05 a. m., 11 20 a. m..

Train on Midland, N. C., branch leaves Goldsboro, daily except Sunday, 7 00 a. m. arrive Smithfield, 8 30 a m. Returning leaves Smithfield, 9 00 a. m., arrive Goldsboro, 10 30 a. m..

Train on Nashville branch leaves Rocky Mt, at 3 00 p. m., arrives Nashville 3 40 p. m., Spring Hope 4 15 p. m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 10 00 a. m., Nashville 10 35 a. m., Rocky Mount 11 15 a. m., daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for clinton, daily, except Sunday, 6 00 p. m., and at 11 15 a m; Returning will leave clinton at 8 20 a m and 3 10 p m, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41 and 40, 23 and 78

Southbound train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No, 51, Northbound is No, 50, Daily except Sunday

Train No 27, South, will stop only at Wilson Goldsboro and Magnolia

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North, daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily, except Sunday via Bay Line

The New York and Florida Special will run tri-weekly, commencing January 19th, eaving Weldon Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 9.50 p. m., arriving Wilming on 2.00 a. m., returning leave Wilmington Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 2.00 a. m., arriving Weldon 6.15 a. m.

All trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleeper attached

JOHN F DIVINE, Gen'l Supt.
J R KENLY, Asst Gen'l Manager.
T M EMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent

C. F. & Y. V. Railway Co.
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.
In Effect January 11th, 1891.

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 1. Daily ex Sunday.	No. 3. Daily ex Sunday.	No. 15. Daily ex Sunday.
Lv Wilmington	9 00 am		
Ar Fayetteville	12.25 pm		
Lv Fayetteville	12.35 "		
Ar Sanford	2.27 "		
Ar Greensboro	5.00 "		
Lv Greensporo	5.20 "		
Lv Walnut Cove	7.00 "		
Ar Mt. Airy	9.00 "		
Lv Bennettsville		8.30 am	
Ar Maxtoo		9.40 "	
Lv Manton		9.50 "	
Ar Fayetteville		11.45 "	
Lv Ranseur			7.10 am
Ar Greensboro			9.50 "
Lv Greensboro			10.40 "
Ar Madison			11.45 "

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 2. Daily ex Sunday.	No. 4. Daily ex Sunday.	No. 16. Daily ex Sunday.
Lv Mt. Airy	6.25 am		
Lv Walnut Cove	8.32 "		
Ar Greensboro	10.05 "		
Lv Greensboro	10.35 "		
Lv Sanford	1.00 pm		
Ar Fayetteville	2.30 "		
Lv Fayetteville	2.55 "		
Ar Wilmington	6.30 "		
Lv Fayetteville		3.30 pm	
Ar Maxton		5.20 "	
Lv Maxton		5.30 "	
Ar Bennettsville		6.45 "	
Lv Madison			1.35 pm
Ar Greensboro			3.40 "
Lv Greensboro			4.00 "
Ar Ramseur			6.55 "

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

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oct10—tf

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Fitzhugh Lee.

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Respectfully,
FITZHUGH LEE,
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J. R. SMITH,
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Lee's Worm Specific never fails to expel worms from horses and mules. Warranted in every case. Sold only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

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October 9th, 1890. –tf

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Last store, on the corner of the ol the row North of Courthouse, is the place for
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Special accommodations for the traveling public.

Regular boarders will also be taken.

MRS. J. M. SESSOMS,
my8—tf Porprietress.

THE WOE OF THE NATION

INTEMPERANCE MAY SWEEP ITS FREEDOM AWAY.

The Evil That Noah Wrought—Modern Science Has Made Liquor a Thousandfold More Deadly Than the Ancient Wines—We Must War Against It.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Dr. Talmage continued today the series of sermons he commenced last Sunday on the "Ten Plagues of New York and the Adjacent Cities." The plague which he places second on the list is intemperance, and on that subject he discoursed this morning in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, and this evening in New York. At the close of the service in the New York Academy of Music, Dr. Talmage went over to the Union Square theatre, where his son, Mr. Frank De Witt Talmage, was holding an overflow meeting, and briefly addressed the crowded house. Both the New York services are under the auspices of The Christian Herald, of which Dr. Talmage is editor. The text of the doctor's sermon was taken from Gen. ix, 20-21: "Noah planted a vineyard, and he drank of the wine and was drunken."

This Noah did the best and the worst thing for the world. He built an ark against the deluge of water, but introduced a deluge against which the human race has ever since been trying to build an ark—the deluge of drunkenness. In my text we hear his staggering steps. Shem and Japhet tried to cover up the disgrace, but there he is, drunk on wine at a time in the history of the world when, to say the least, there was no lack of water. Inebriation, having entered the world, has not retreated. Abigail, the fair and heroic wife, who saved the flocks of Nabal, her husband, from confiscation by invaders, goes home at night and finds him so intoxicated she cannot tell him the story of his narrow escape. Uriah came to see David, and David got him drunk, and paved the way for the despoliation of a household. Even the church bishops needed to be charged to be sober and not given to too much wine, and so familiar were people of Bible times with the staggering and falling motion of the inebriate that Isaiah, when he comes to describe the final dislocation of worlds, says, "The earth shall reel to and fro like a drunkard."

THE WATERS OF MADNESS.

Ever since apples and grapes and wheat grew the world has been tempted to unhealthful stimulants. But the intoxicants of the olden time were an innocent beverage, a harmless orangeade, a quiet sirup, a peaceful soda water, as compared with the liquids of modern inebriation, into which a madness, and a fury, and a gloom, and a fire, and a suicide, and a retribution have mixed and mingled. Fermentation was always known, but it was not until a thousand years after Christ that distillation was invented. While we must confess that some of the ancient arts have been lost, the Christian era is superior to all others in the bad eminence of whisky and rum and gin. The modern drunk is a hundredfold worse than the ancient drunk. Noah in his intoxication became imbecile, but the victims of modern alcoholism have to struggle with whole menageries of wild beasts and jungles of hissing serpents and perditions of blaspheming demons.

An arch fiend arrived in our world, and he built an invisible caldron of temptation. He built that caldron strong and stout for all ages and all nations. First he squeezed into the caldron the juices of the forbidden fruit of Paradise. Then he gathered for it a distillation from the harvest fields and the orchards of the hemispheres. Then he poured into this caldron capsicum and copperas and logwood and deadly nightshade and assault and battery and vitriol and opium and rum and murder and sulphuric acid and theft and potash and cochineal and red carrots and poverty and death and hops, but it was a dry compound, and it must be moistened, and it must be liquefied, and so the arch fiend poured into that caldron the tears of centuries of orphanage and widowhood, and he poured in the blood of twenty thousand assassinations.

And then the arch fiend took a shovel that he had brought up from the furnaces beneath, and he put that shovel into this great caldron and began to stir, and the caldron began to heave and rock and boil and sputter and hiss and smoke, and the nations gathered around it with cups and tankards and demijohns and kegs, and there was enough for all, and the arch fiend cried: "Aha! champion fiend am I. Who has done more than I have for coffins and graveyards and prisons and insane asylums and the populating of the lost world? And when this caldron is emptied I'll fill it again, and I'll stir it again, and it will smoke again, and that smoke will join another smoke—the smoke of a torment that ascendeth for ever and ever. I drove fifty ships on the rocks of Newfoundland, and the Skerries, and the Goodwins. I have ruined more senators than gather this winter in the national councils. I have ruined more lords than are now gathered in the house of peers. The cup out of which I ordinarily drink is a bleached human skull, and the upholstery of my palace is so rich a crimson because it is dyed in human gore, and the mosaic of my floors is made up of the bones of children dashed to death by drunken parents, and my favorite music—sweeter than Te Deum or triumphal march—my favorite music is the cry of daughters turned out at midnight on the street because father has come home from the carousal, and the seven hundred voiced shriek of the sinking steamer, because the captain was not himself when he put the ship on the wrong course. Champion fiend am I! I have kindled more fires, I have wrung out more agonies, I have stretched out more midnight shadows, I have opened more Golgothas, I have rolled more Juggernauts, I have damned more souls than any other emissary of diabolism. Champion fiend am I!

INTEMPERANCE IS NOW INCREASING.

Drunkenness is the greatest evil of this nation, and it takes no logical process to prove to this audience that a drunken nation cannot long be a free nation. I call your attention to the fact that drunkenness is not subsiding; certainly that it is not at a standstill, but that it is on an onward march, and it is a double quick. There is more rum swallowed in this country, and of a worse kind, than was ever swallowed since the first distillery began its work of death. Where there was one drunken home there are ten drunken homes. Where there was one drunkard's grave there are twenty drunkards' graves. It is on the increase. Talk about crooked whisky—by which men mean the whisky that does not pay the tax to government—I tell you all strong drink is crooked. Crooked Otard, crooked Cognac, crooked schnappe, crooked beer, crooked wine, crooked whisky—because it makes a man's path crooked, and his life crooked, and his death crooked, and his eternity crooked.

If I could gather all the armies of the dead drunkards and have them come to resurrection, and then add to that host all the armies of living drunkards, five and ten abreast, and then if I could have you mount a horse and ride along that line for review, you would ride that horse until he dropped from exhaustion, and you would mount another horse and ride until he fell from exhaustion, and you would take another and another, and you would ride along hour after hour and day after day. Great host, in regiments, in brigades. Great armies of them. And then if you had voice stentorian enough to make them all hear, and you could give the command, "Forward, march!" their first tramp would make the earth tremble. I do not care which way you look in the community today, the evil is increasing.

I call attention to the fact that there are thousands of people born with a thirst for strong drink—a fact too often ignored. Along some ancestral lines there runs the river of temptation. There are children whose swaddling clothes are torn off the shroud of death. Many a father has made a will of this sort: "In the name of God, amen. I bequeath to my children my houses and lands and estates; share and share shall they alike. Hereto I affix my hand and seal in the presence of witnesses." And yet perhaps that very man has made another will that the people have never read, and that has not been proved in the courts. That will put in writing would read something like this: "In the name of disease and appetite and death, amen. I bequeath to my children my evil habits, my tankards shall be theirs, my wine cup shall be theirs, my destroyed reputation shall be theirs; share and share alike shall they in the infamy. Hereto I affix my hand and seal in the presence of all the applauding harpies of hell."

THE DEMON OF THE DRUG STORE.

From the multitude of those who have the evil habit born with them this army is being augmented. And I am sorry to say that a great many of the drug stores are abetting this evil, and alcohol is sold under the name of bitters. It is bitters for this, and bitters for that, and bitters for some other thing, and good men deceived, not knowing there is any thralldom of alcoholism coming from that source, are going down, and some day a man sits with the bottle of black bitters on his table, and the cork flies out, and after it flies a fiend and clutches the man by his throat and says, "Aha! I have been after you for ten years. I have got you now. Down with you! down with you!" Bitters! Ah, yes. They make a man's family bitter, and his home bitter, and his disposition bitter, and his death bitter, and his hell bitter. Bitters! A vast army, all the time increasing.

It seems to me it is about time for the 17,000,000 professors of religion in America to take sides. It is going to be an out-and-out battle with drunkenness and sobriety, between heaven and hell, between God and the devil. Take sides before there is any further national decadence, take sides before your sons are sacrificed and the new home of your daughter goes down under the alcoholism of an inebriated husband. Take sides while your voice, your pen, your prayer, your vote may have any influence in arresting the despoliation of this nation. If the 17,000,000 professors of religion should take sides on this subject it would not be very long before the destiny of this nation would be decided in the right direction.

Is drunkenness a state or national evil? Does it belong to the north, or does it belong to the south? Does it belong to the east, or does it belong to the west? Ah! there is not an American river into which its tears have not fallen, and into which its suicides have not plunged. What ruined that southern plantation—every field a fortune, the proprietor and his family once the most affluent supporters of summer watering places? What threw that New England farm into decay, and turned the roseate cheeks that bloomed at the foot of the Green mountains into the pallor of despair? What has smitten every street of every village, town and city of this continent with a moral pestilence? Strong drink!

To prove that this is a national evil I call up two states in opposite directions—Maine and Georgia. Let them testify in regard to this. State of Maine says: "It is so great an evil up here we have anathematized it as a state." State of Georgia says: "It is so great an evil down here that ninety counties of this state have made the sale of intoxicating drink a criminality." So the word comes up from all parts of the land. Either drunkenness will be destroyed in this country or the American government will be destroyed. Drunkenness and free institutions are coming into a death grapple.

POVERTY COMES AS AN ARMED MAN.

Gather up the money that the working classes have spent for rum during the last thirty years, and I will build for every workingman a house, and lay out for him a garden, and clothe his sons in broadcloth and his daughters in silk, and stand at his front door a prancing span of sorrels or bays, and secure him a policy of life insurance so that the present home may be well maintained after he is dead. The most persistent, most overpowering enemy of the working classes is intoxicating liquor. It is the anarchist of the centuries, and has boycotted and is now boycotting the body and mind and soul of American labor. It annually swindles industry out of a large percentage of its earnings. It holds out its blasting solicitations to the mechanic or operative on his way to work, and at the noon spell and on his way home at eventide. On Saturday, when the wages are paid, it snatches a large part of the money that might come to the family and sacrifices it among the saloon keepers. Stand the saloons of this country side by side, and it is carefully estimated that they would reach from New York to Chicago.

This evil is pouring its vitriolic and damnable liquors down the throats of hundreds of thousands of laborers, and while the ordinary strikes are ruinous to both employers and employes, I proclaim a universal strike against strong drink, which strike, if kept up, will be the relief of the working classes and the salvation of the nation. I will undertake to say that there is not a healthy laborer in the United States who, within the next twenty years, if he will refuse all intoxicating beverages and be saving, may not become a capitalist on a small scale.

Oh! how many are waiting to see if something cannot be done for the stopping of intemperance! Thousands of drunkards waiting who cannot go ten minutes in any direction without having the temptation glaring before their eyes or appealing to their nostrils, they fighting against it with enfeebled will and diseased appetite, conquering, then surrendering, conquering again and surrendering again, and crying, "How long, O Lord! how low before these infamous solicitations shall be gone!" And how many mothers are waiting to see if this national curse cannot lift? Oh, is that the boy who had the honest breath who comes home with breath vitiated or disguised? What a change! How quickly those habits of early coming home have been exchanged for the rattling of the night key in the door long after the last watchman has gone by and tried to see that everything was closed up for the night!

Oh! what a change for that young man who we had hoped would do something in merchandise, or in artisanship, or in a profession that would do honor to the family name long after mother's wrinkled hands are folded from the last toil! All that exchanged for startled look when the door bell rings, lest something has happened; and the wish that the scarlet fever twenty years ago had been fatal, for then he would have gone directly to the bosom of his Saviour. But alas! poor old soul, she has lived to experience what Solomon said, "A foolish son is a heaviness to his mother."

THE STRICKEN MOTHER'S WOE.

Oh! what a funeral it will be when that boy is brought home dead! And how mother will sit there and say: "Is this my boy that I used to fondle and that I walked the floor with in the night when he was sick? Is this the boy that I held to the baptismal font for baptism? Is this the boy for whom I toiled, until the blood burst from the tips of my fingers, that he might have a good start and a good home? Lord, why hast thou let me live to see this? Can it be that these swollen hands are the ones that used to wander over my face when rocking him to sleep? Can it be that this swollen brow is that I once so rapturously kissed? Poor boy! how tired he does look! I wonder who struck him that blow across the temples? I wonder if he uttered a dying prayer? Wake up, my son; don't you hear me? wake up! Oh! he can't hear me. Dead! dead! dead! 'O Absalom, my son, my son, would God that I had died for thee, O Absalom, my son, my son!'"

I am not much of a mathematician, and I cannot estimate it, but is there any one here quick enough at figures to estimate how many mothers there are waiting for something to be done? Ay, there are many wives waiting for domestic rescue. He promised something different from that when, after the long acquaintance and the careful scrutiny of character, the hand and the heart were offered and accepted. What a hell on earth a woman lives in who has a drunken husband! O Death, how lovely thou art to her, and how soft and warm thy skeleton hand! The sepulcher at midnight in winter is a king's drawing room compared with that woman's home. It is not so much the blow on the head that hurts as the blow on the heart. The rum fiend came to the door of that beautiful home, and opened the door and stood there and said: "I curse this dwelling with an unrelenting curse. I curse that father into a maniac, I curse that mother into a pauper. I curse those sons into vagabonds. I curse those daughters into profligacy. Cursed be bread tray and cradle. Cursed be couch and chair and family Bible, with record of marriages and births and deaths. Curse upon curse."

Oh, how many wives are there waiting to see if something cannot be done to shake these frosts of the second death off the orange blossoms! Yea, God is waiting, the God who works through human instrumentalities, waiting to see whether this nation is going to overthrow this evil; and if it refuse to do so God will wipe out the nation as he did Phœnicia, as he did Rome, as he did Thebes, as he did Babylon. Aye, he is waiting to see what the church of God will do. If the church does not do its work then he will wipe it out as he did the church of Ephesus, church of Thyatira, church of Sardis. The Protestant and Roman Catholic churches today stand side by side with an impotent look gazing on this evil, which costs this country more than a billion dollars a year to take care of the 800,000 paupers, and the 315,000 criminals, and the 30,000 idiots, and to bury the 75,000 drunkards. Protagoras boasted that out of the sixty years of his life forty years he had spent in ruining youth; but this evil may make the more infamous boast that all its life it has been ruining the bodies, minds and souls of the human race.

UNFAITHFULNESS OF POLITICAL PARTIES.

Put on your spectacles and take a candle and examine the platforms of the two leading political parties of this country, and see what they are doing for the arrest of this evil and for the overthrow of this abomination. Resolutions? Oh, yes, resolutions about Mormonism! It is safe to attack that organized nastiness two thousand miles away. But not one resolution against drunkenness, which would turn this entire nation into one bestial Salt Lake City. Resolutions against political corruption, but not one word about drunkenness, which would rot this nation from scalp to heel. Resolutions about protection against competition with foreign industries, but not one word about protection of family and church and nation against the scalding, blasting, all consuming, damning tariff of strong drink put upon every financial, individual, spiritual, moral, national interest.

I look in another direction. The church of God is the grandest and most glorious institution on earth. What has it in solid phalanx accomplished for the overthrow of drunkenness? Have its forces ever been marshaled? No, not in this direction. Not long ago a great ecclesiastical court assembled in New York, and resolutions arraigning strong drink were offered, and clergymen with strong drink on their tables and strong drink in their cellars defeated the resolutions by threatening speeches. They could not bear to give up their own lusts. I tell this audience what many of you may never have thought of, that today—not in the millennium, but today—the church holds the balance of power in America; and if Christian people—the men and the women who profess to love the Lord Jesus Christ and to love purity and to be the sworn enemies of all uncleanness and debauchery and sin—if all such would march side by side and shoulder to shoulder this evil would soon be overthrown. Think of three hundred thousand churches and Sunday schools in Christendom marching shoulder to shoulder! How very short a time it would take them to put down this evil if all the churches of God, transatlantic and cisatlantic, were armed on this subject!

Young men of America, pass over into the army of teetotism. Whisky, good to preserve corpses, ought never to turn you into a corpse. Tens of thousands of young men have been dragged out of respectability, and out of purity, and out of good character, and into darkness by this infernal stuff called strong drink. Do not touch it! Do not touch it!

In the front door of our church in Brooklyn a few summers ago, this scene occurred: Sabbath morning a young man was entering for divine worship. A friend passing along the street said, "Joe, come along with me; I am going down to Coney Island, and we'll have a gay sunday." "No," replied Joe; "I have started to go here to church, and I am going to attend service here." "Oh, Joe," his friend said, "you can go to church any time! The day is bright, and we'll go to Coney Island and we'll have a splendid time." The temptation was too great, and the twain went to the beach, spent the day in drunkenness and riot. The evening train started up from Brighton. The young men were on it. Joe, in his intoxication, when the train was in full speed tried to pass around from one seat to another, and fell and was crushed.

Under the lantern, as Joe lay bleeding his life away on the grass, he said to his comrade: "John, that was a bad business, your taking me away from church; it was a very bad business. You ought not to have done that, John. I want you to tell the boys to-morrow when you see them that rum and Sabbath breaking did this for me. And, John, while you are telling them I will be in hell, and it will be your fault." Is it not time for me to pull out from the great organ of God's Word, with many banks of keys, the tremolo stop? "Look not upon the wine when it is red, when it moveth itself aright in the cup, for at last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder."

ITS WATERLOO AT HAND.

But this evil will be arrested. Blucher came up just before night and saved the day at Waterloo. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon it looked very badly for the English. Generals Ponsonby and Picton fallen. Sabers broken, flags surrendered, Scots Grays annihilated. Only forty-two men left out of the German brigade. The English army falling back and falling back. Napoleon rubbed his hands together and said: "Aha! aha! we'll teach that little Englishman a lesson. Ninety chances out of a hundred are in our favor. Magnificent! magnificent!" He even sent messages to Paris to say he had won the day.

But before sundown Blucher came up, and he who had been the conqueror of Austerlitz became the victim of Waterloo. That name which had shaken all Europe and filled even America with apprehension—that name went down, and Napoleon, muddy and hatless and crazed with his disasters, was found feeling for the stirrup of a horse that he might mount and resume the conflict.

Well, my friends, alcoholism is imperial, and it is a conqueror, and there are good people who say the night of national overthrow is coming, and that it is almost night. But before sundown the Conqueror of earth and heaven will ride in on the white horse, and alcoholism, which has had its Austerlitz of triumph, shall have its Waterloo of defeat. Alcoholism having lost its crown, the grizzly and cruel breaker of human hearts, crazed with the disaster, will be found feeling in vain for the stirrup on which to remount its foaming charger. "So, O Lord, let thine enemies perish!"

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Atlantic & N. C. Railroad.
TIME TABLE 19.
To take effect 6 a. m., Wednesday, May 28th, 1890.

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	1 Mixed Frt. and Passenger Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.		51 Passenger. DAILY, Except Sunday.	
	Ar.	Lv.	Ar.	Lv.
	A. M.	A. M.	P M	P M
Goldsboro,		6 30	3	30
Best's,	6 57	7 05	3 53	3 56
La Grange,	7 20	7 30	4 06	4 03
Falling Creek,	7 48	7 53	4 21	4 20
Kinston,	8 11	8 30	4 35	4 45
Caswell,	8 50	8 55	4 55	4 55
Dover,	9 15	10 02	5 05	5 09
Core Creek,	10 31	10 36	5 19	5 15
Tuscarora,	11 00	11 05	5 31	5 31
Clark's,	11 17	11 41	5 41	5 48
Newberne,	12 15	3 00	6 00	6 09
Riverdale,	3 37	3 42	6 39	6 34
Croatan.	3 48	3 50	6 44	6 46
Havelock,	4 08	4 13	6 56	6 56
Newport,	4 37	4 42	7 13	7 14
Wildwood,	4 51	4 55	7 24	7 28
Atlantic,	5 01	5 01	7 28	7 23
Morehead C'y,	5 16	5 21	7 38	7 40
Atlantic Hotel,	5 23	5 28	7 45	7 59
Morehead Dp't	5 31		7 53	
	P. M.	P. M.	P M	P M

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	50 Passenger. DAILY. Except Sunday.		2 Mixed Frt. and Passenger. Monday, Wednesday and Friday.	
	Ar.	Lv.	Ar.	Lv.
	A. M.	A. M.	P M	P M
Morehead Dp't		6 45		6 00
Atlantic Hotel,	6 48	7 00	6 05	6 15
Morehead C'y;	7 02	7 07	6 17	6 27
Atlantic,	7 18	7 18	6 47	6 52
Wildwood,	7 23	7 23	7 00	7 05
Newport,	7 30	7 33	7 17	7 34
Havelock,	7 51	7 53	8 00	8 10
Croatan;	8 07	8 07	8 28	8 33
Riverdale,	8 12	8 12	8 41	8 45
Newberne,	8 37	8 50	9 22	1 30
Clark's,	9 08	9 08	2 02	2 12
Tuscarora,	9 18	9 18	2 24	2 30
Core Creek,	9 32	9 32	2 54	3 00
Dover,	9 48	9 48	3 25	3 40
Caswell,	9 59	9 59	4 00	4 05
Kinston,	10 08	10 13	4 25	5 00
Falling Creek,	10 26	10 26	5 24	5 30
La Grange,	10 42	10 45	5 54	6 04
Best's,	10 56	11 00	6 24	6 34
Goldsboro,	11 30		7 20	
	A. M.	A. M.	A M	A M

Train 50 connects with Wilmington & Weldon train bound North, leaving Goldsboro 11:50 a. m., and with Richmond & Danville train West, leaving Goldsboro 2:40 p. m.

Train 51 connects with Richmond & Danville train, arriving at Goldsboro 2:55 p. m., and with Wilmington & Weldon train from the North, at 3 10 p. m.

Train 2 connects with Wilmington & Weldon through freight train, North bound, leaving Golasboro at 9:50 p. m.

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